

**CSIEB0100 Data Structures, Fall 2015**  
**Final Exam**

ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Dept: \_\_\_\_\_ Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (20%) The most frequently used buttons in a browser are the forward and backward buttons to traverse the URLs visited by the user. Based on the **doubly linked lists** data structure, write a C++ program to maintain the browsing history in the following ways.
  - (a) Design a class **BrowsingHistory** to maintain the browsing history of a user. Each node should store the URL (string) of a web page. The links of a node represent the previous and next page visited by the user.
  - (b) Write a **CurrentPage** function to return the URL of the current web page under browsing. Also provide a **NewPage** function to add a new URL into the history.
  - (c) Write a **Forward** and a **Backward** function to traverse the browsing history and return the URL of the new current page.
  - (d) Provide a **Display** function to print out the entire browsing history.
  - (e) Test your functions properly in the main program.

(This page is left empty for you to answer the question.)

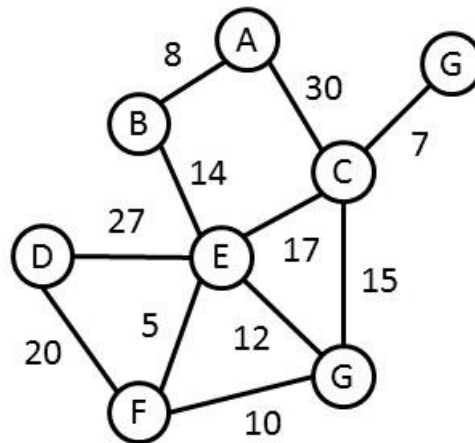
2. **(20%)** Consider the users of Facebook with links representing friendships between users.
  - (a) Design a data structure (ADT) to represent the users and friendships.
  - (b) Write a C++ class to implement your ADT.
  - (c) Write a C++ program to find all direct and indirect friends of a given user using the class you design in (b).

(This page is left empty for you to answer the question.)

3. **(20%)** Answer the following questions about max-heaps.
- (a) How many elements of a max-heap of height  $h$  can have? Explain your answer.
  - (b) Where in a max-heap might the smallest element reside, assuming that all elements are distinct? Explain your answer.
  - (c) Draw the max-heaps (initially empty) after each insertion of elements 9, 11, 12, 3, 14, 15, 7, 8, 1 in that order.
  - (d) Draw the max-heaps after each of two delete operations.

4. **(20%)** Answer the following questions about binary search trees (BSTs).
- (a) Draw the final BST after inserting elements 29, 38, 13, 6, 21, 17, 25, 30, 10, 8, 32 in that order.
  - (b) Draw the tree after deleting 25 from the BST in (a).
  - (c) Draw the tree after deleting 38 from (b).
  - (d) Draw the tree after deleting 13 from (c).
  - (e) List the elements of pre-order, in-order, and post-order traversals of the tree from (d).

5. (20%) Answer the questions using the following graph.



- Draw the sequence of edges (represented by edge weight) added to the minimal-cost spanning tree generated by the Kruskal's algorithm.
- Do the same thing as (a) using Prim's algorithm.
- Do the same thing as (a) using Sollin's algorithm.
- Find the shortest paths from E to all other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm.